



Data Archive for Seabed Species and Habitats

Table 1. Quality assessment (QA) criteria.

Level	Spatial accuracy	Taxonomic accuracy	Methodological consistency	Temporal Accuracy	QA procedure	Overall QA
High	Accurate positioning system used, i.e. dGPS, GPS. Spatial reference system documented.	Surveyors with expert knowledge, surveyors accredited e.g. NMBAQC trained, or record verified by taxonomic expert, very few errors expected	methodology used and	Accurate dates and times available for all records.	external) QA procedures documented	Very high quality data, internally quality assessed, high confidence of accuracy of position and species identification of all records.
High- Medium		history background potential for a small number of potential errors in difficult to identify groups.	methodology used and documented in detail, some minor details unclear.	Most records have accurate date (and time if appropriate), but some records may be recorded to month only.	QA procedures in place, including training of data collectors and use of	species





Data Archive for Seabed Species and Habitats

Level	Spatial accuracy	Taxonomic accuracy	Methodological consistency	Temporal Accuracy	QA procedure	Overall QA
					data entry not QA'd	
Medium	Positions estimated from charts or OS maps by surveyor but no easily identifiable features to QA against.		methodology used but not supported by full documentation or	and year but often not to day.	external) QA on a	Good quality data, may lack internal QA, full documentation or may have some spatial/taxonomic ambiguity
Medium- Low	Positions estimated by third party from map provided surveyor.	surveyors with	documented.	to month and year but many only recorded to month range e.g. summer 1984 or year only.	taken place during data collection, e.g. verification of species identification but no documentation	present but lacking internal QA, and/or full documentation lnaccuracies





Data Archive for Seabed Species and Habitats

Level	Spatial accuracy		Methodological consistency	Temporal Accuracy	QA procedure	Overall QA
					QA has occurred.	
Low	estimated from charts or OS maps by third party.	non-expert surveyors errors possible for all except very easy to identify	methodology or indications that no set methodology was	Only vague dates recorded. Large date ranges e.g. summer 1984, year only or year ranges e.g 1977- 1979.	No QA procedures documented, ad hoc QA unlikely.	Data with spatial/taxonomic ambiguities and/or little documentation
Data deficient	information available to make	available to make	information available	Insufficient information available to make an assessment.	information available to make an	Insufficient information available to make an assessment.

Data were also graded on survey quality using the following three categories with respect to field surveyors:

- Professional
- Academic
- Naturalist
- Volunteer with expert ID
- Volunteer.





Data Archive for Seabed Species and Habitats

For each dataset, an assessment was made on the quality of the data developed from criteria set out in the ISO 19115 standard for geospatial metadata (ISO, 2006) and using guidelines set out in Rackham & Walker (2006) (Table x).

Rackham L. & Walker R. (2006). Metadata Guidelines for Geospatial Datasets in the UK. Part 3 Metadata Quality commissioned by the Department for Communities and Local Government. http://www.gigateway.org.uk/pdf/guidelines/MetadataGuidelines3.pdf

1 Data Archive for Seabed Species and Habitats (DASSH)